NABI OSF Repository Deposit Policy

The National Alliance for Broader Impacts (NABI)-branded space on the Open Science Framework (OSF) platform is hosted in agreement with and by the Center for Open Science (CoS). The NABI space within OSF is intended as 1) a mechanism for NABI members to deposit and publicly share and disseminate online the files associated with their broader impacts-related scholarly works and programs, including those funded by federal grants from agencies requiring public access to results of publicly-funded research, and 2) as an online space for the public and other broader-impacts professionals to access NABI members’ open and publicly licensed broader impacts-related scholarly works. Depositors can add or remove their all or part of their OSF projects from their own OSF accounts to the NABI space within OSF by adding or deleting the words “NABI repository” to the keywords of their OSF project and/or its components. NABI has no control over, relationship to, or responsibility for any content deposited by a user whose project has not been added to the NABI space within OSF and is within the user’s own and independent OSF account.

Depositors in the NABI space within OSF must abide with CoS’s terms of use for the OSF platform and by depositing agrees to abide by 1) all U.S. federal laws, including copyright laws, 2) any applicable license agreements assigned to their deposited content, and 3) their employers and funders’ data use, disclosure and dissemination, human subjects, and intellectual property and copyright policies. NABI is not responsible or liable for deposits or uses of the OSF that violate Cos”s terms of use. Depositors agree to these terms of use upon deposit and/or the creation of their OSF profile. Deposits or uses that violate these terms (see 9. Permitted and Prohibited Uses) may result in the removal of deposited content or the termination of the user’s OSF account (see 10. Limitation of Access and Removal of Content).

In addition to the CoS’s terms of use, NABI prohibits the deposit of certain types of content in its OSF repository. Depositors should consult this list as well as their employers’ Institutional Review Board (IRB), technology transfer office, and/or legal counsel as needed before uploading any content to ensure the files do not contain any of the prohibited content. It is the responsibility of the depositors and their employers to review the depositors’ files and remove this prohibited content before being uploaded and shared publicly. NABI reserves the right to remove a depositor’s files from its OSF repository at any time for any reason, including the removal of prohibited content that is determined by or reported to NABI as containing illegal or prohibited content listed below or determined by or reported to CoS for violating CoS’s terms of use. As a condition for limited liability, NABI and CoS must expeditiously remove or disable access to content in the NABI OSF if/when they are notified of an alleged illegality or prohibited content violating CoS’s terms of use and/or the content prohibited by NABI listed below. In these cases, NABI and CoS reserve the right to remove content from the NABI OSF without notifying and/or receiving the consent of the depositor.

Upon upload depositors may choose to assign a copyleft license to their content such as a Creative Commons license that outlines their preferred terms of use. In all cases, depositors,
even after upload, retain the copyright to their scholarly works in the NABI OSF and may update their license, remove and/or delete their content in the NABI OSF at any time. Should the CoS cease its operations of the OSF platform, depositors will be contacted to download their projects and associated files. NABI recommends that depositors not rely on the NABI OSF as the sole space for storing and/or backing up of their broader impacts-related files.

Prohibited Content

- Content that is determined by NABI to discriminate on the basis of sex, race, color, religion, age, disability, status as a veteran, national or ethnic origin, sexual orientation, gender identity or gender expression.

- Files that contain copyrighted content for which the depositor has not received permission from the copyright owner to put online or distribute. It is the depositor’s responsibility to get the permission of the rights owner(s) before posting any copyrighted materials online. Please note that data use agreements and licenses may prohibit the redistribution of licensed content (e.g., articles, software programs, data sets) without the permission of the licensor. Please note that depositors who are the authors of their articles may not actually hold the rights to re-post their own published works online and that this right may have been signed by the author over to the publisher. Authors should contact their publishers before uploading any publisher-version of their publications. NABI is not responsible for the acts of authors who post content without the copyright owner’s permission. In the case that NABI receives a notice and take down from a publisher/copyright holder, NABI reserves the right to remove the disputed content from the NABI OSF repository with notifying or receiving the consent of the depositor.

- Files that are determined by NABI to contain content that violates the disclosure restrictions outlined in the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974 (FERPA). FERPA protects the privacy of students and their educational records. FERPA affords students the right to consent to disclosure of personally identifiable information and their education records.

- Files that contain content that violate the disclosure restrictions outlined in the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (HIPAA). HIPAA protects the privacy of patients and their medical information. HIPAA affords patients the right to consent to any disclosure of their personal health information (PHI).

- Files that contain content with personally identifiable information (PII) that presents a risk of disclosure and violates the Office of Human Research Protections (OHRP) disclosure restrictions outlined in the Code of Federal Regulations 45 CFR 46 and its Common Rule (Subpart A), and/or the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) and National Institutes of Health’s Data Safety Monitoring clinical trial and human subject protection policies protecting the privacy, confidentiality, and well being of human research participants.
Any disclosure of data derived from human subjects research should be reviewed and approved for sharing by the depositor’s employer and IRB. The files reviewed and approved for sharing by the depositor’s employer and IRB should contain only aggregate and/or de-identified/anonymized data. Participants must provide their informed consent for data collection and any public disclosure, including publication and online dissemination, as well as the investigator(s) intentions for the long-term archiving of data sets derived from their participation.

- Files of content related to Exempt Research that discloses the identity of an individual or individuals (personally identifiable information (PII)) without the consent of the persons involved for retention and/or disclosure.

- Files that contain sensitive information that could harm or endanger the lives of researchers, such as disclosing the location of research on endangered species, animal research facilities, or location of research in politically-volatile areas.

- Files that contain sensitive content related to research on or involving vulnerable communities that could be determined to be unethical, disrespectful, and/or exploitative by the members of these communities. Depositors conducting participatory research within vulnerable communities and with community members should work with their community partners, as well as their employers and their offices of diversity and inclusion, to ensure that they are not disseminating content that disrespects a specific group of individuals and/or their traditions and cultural and religious beliefs.

- Files containing content that is embargoed pre-publication.

- Files containing trade secrets and/or confidential data that are embargoed for the purposes of filing an application for a patent and registration and licensing of intellectual property.

- Files containing data restricted by the U.S. government ("export controls"), which regulates the transfer of information, technology, and software considered to be strategically important to the U.S. in the interest of national security, economic, and/or foreign policy concerns.

- Files that contain content posted for political purposes or for personal economic gain.

- Files that contain content that is determined to be disrespectful by NABI or that is determined by NABI to threaten, harass, intimidate, insult, and/or defame another individual or group of individuals, including those from underrepresented groups.
Files containing content that is determined by NABI to be explicit and/or obscene (references to violence, sexual behavior, inappropriate language), and not appropriate for public dissemination through its OSF Repository.

Please note that NABI reserves the right to update/change this list of prohibited content without notifying depositors. Depositors agree to the above when they add their content to the NABI OSF.